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of the outer packaging. If the radiation detector is shipped as part of other equipment, the equipment must be packaged in strong outer packaging or the equipment itself must provide an equivalent level of protection.

(d) Emergency response information accompanying each shipment and available from each emergency response telephone number for radiation detectors must identify those receptacles that are not fitted with a pressure relief device and provide appropriate guidance for exposure to fire.

[75 FR 27215, May 14, 2010]

§173.312 Requirements for shipment of MEGCs.

(a) General requirements. (1) Unless otherwise specified, a MEGC is authorized for the shipment of liquefied and non-liquefied compressed gases. Each pressure receptacle contained in a MEGC must meet the requirements in §§ 173.301, 173.301b, 173.302b and 173.304b, as applicable.

(2) The MEGC must conform to the design, construction, inspection and testing requirements prescribed in

§178.75 of this subchapter.

- (3) No person may offer or accept a hazardous material for transportation in a MEGC that is damaged to such an extent that the integrity of the pressure receptacles or the MEGC's structural or service equipment may be affected.
- (4) No person may fill or offer for transportation a pressure receptacle in a MEGC if the pressure receptacle or the MEGC is due for periodic requalification, as prescribed in subpart C to part 180 of this subchapter. However, this restriction does not preclude transportation of pressure receptacles filled and offered for transportation prior to the requalification due date.

(5) Prior to filling and offering a MEGC for transportation, the MEGC's structural and service equipment must be visually inspected. Any unsafe condition must be corrected before the MEGC is offered for transportation. All required markings must be legible.

(6) Except for Division 2.2 permanent gases, each pressure receptacle must be equipped with an individual shutoff valve that must be tightly closed while in transit. For Division 2.1, Division 2.2

liquefied gases and 2.3 gases, the manifold must be designed so that each pressure receptacle can be filled separately and be kept isolated by a valve capable of being closed during transit. For Division 2.1 gases, the pressure receptacles must be isolated by a valve into assemblies of not more than 3,000 I.

- (b) Filling. (1) A MEGC may not be filled to a pressure greater than the lowest marked working pressure of any pressure receptacle. A MEGC may not be filled above its marked maximum permissible gross mass.
- (2) After each filling, the shipper must verify the leakproofness of the closures and equipment. Each fill opening must be closed by a cap or plug.
- (c) Damage protection. During transportation, a MEGC must be protected against damage to the pressure receptacles and service equipment resulting from lateral and longitudinal impact and overturning as prescribed in §178.75 of this subchapter.

[71 FR 33884, June 12, 2006]

§173.313 UN Portable Tank Table for Liquefied Compressed Gases.

The UN Portable Tank Table for Liquefied Compressed Gases is referenced in §172.102(c)(7)(iii) of this subchapter for portable tanks that are used to transport liquefied compressed gases. The table applies to each liquefied compressed gas that is identified with Special Provision T50 in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table. In addition to providing the UN identification number and proper shipping name, the table provides maximum allowable working pressures, bottom opening requirements, pressure relief device requirements, and degree of filling requirements for liquefied compressed gas permitted for transportation in a T50 portable tank. In the minimum test pressure column, "small" means a portable tank with a diameter of 1.5 meters or less when measured at the widest part of the shell, "sunshield" means a portable tank with a shield covering at least the upper third of the shell, 'bare' means no sunshield or insulation is provided, and "insulated" means a complete cladding of sufficient thickness of insulating material necessary to provide a minimum conductance of not more than $0.67~\text{w/m}^2/\text{k}$. In \$178.276(e)(3) of this subchapter is not the pressure relief requirements col-

required.

UN PORTABLE TANK TABLE FOR LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GASES

| UN No. | Non-refrigerated liquefied compressed gases | Minimum design pressure (bar) small; bare; sunshield; insu- lated | Openings below liquid level | Pressure relief requirements (See § 178.276(e)) | Maximum filling density (kg/l) |
|--------|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1005 | Ammonia, anhydrous | 29.0 25.7 22.0 | Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 0.53 |
| 1009 | Bromotrifluoromethane or Refrigerant gas R 13B1. | 19.7 38.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.13 |
| | | 34.0 30.0 27.5 | | | |
| 1010 | Butadienes, stabilized | 7.5 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.55 |
| 1011 | Butane | 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.51 |
| 1012 | Butylene | 7.0 7.0 8.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.53 |
| 1012 | - Sulyione | 7.0 7.0 | 7 mowed | Homai | 0.50 |
| 1017 | Chlorine | 7.0 19.0 17.0 15.0 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.25 |
| 1018 | Chlorodifluoromethane or Refrigerant gas R 22. | 13.5 26.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.03 |
| | | 24.0 21.0 19.0 | | | |
| 1020 | Chloropentafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 115. | 23.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.06 |
| | | 18.0 16.0 | | | |
| 1021 | 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 124. | 9.8 | Allowed | Normal | 1.2 |
| 1027 | Cyclopropane | 7.9 7.0 18.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.53 |
| 1027 | Сусторгоране | 16.0 14.5 | Allowed | Normal | 0.33 |
| 1028 | Dichlorodifluoromethane or Refrigerant gas R 12. | 13.0 16.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.15 |
| | | 15.0 13.0 11.5 | | | |
| 1029 | Dichlorofluoromethane or Refrigerant gas R 21. | 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.23 |
| 1030 | 1,1-Diffuoroethane or Refrigerant gas R | 7.0 7.0 7.0 16.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.79 |
| | 152a. | 14.0 12.4 | | | |
| 1032 | Dimethylamine, anhydrous | 11.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.59 |

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UN PORTABLE TANK TABLE FOR LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GASES—Continued

| ON PORTABLE TANK TABLE FOR LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GASES—Continued | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|
| UN No. | Non-refrigerated liquefied compressed gases | Minimum design pressure (bar) small; bare; sunshield; insu- lated | Openings below liquid level | Pressure relief requirements (See § 178.276(e)) | Maximum filling density (kg/l) | |
| 1033 | Dimethyl ether | 15.5 13.8 12.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.58 | |
| 1036 | Ethylamine | 10.6 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.61 | |
| 1037 | Ethyl chloride | 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.8 | |
| 1040 | Ethylene oxide with nitrogen up to a total pressure of 1MPa (10 bar) at 50 °C. | 7.0 Only authorized in 10 bar in- sulated port- able tanks— | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 0.78 | |
| 1041 | Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mix- ture with more than 9% but not more than 87% ethylene oxide. | See MAWP def- inition in § 178.276(a) | Allowed | Normal | See § 173.32(f) | |
| 1055 | Isobutylene | 8.1 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.52 | |
| 1060 | Methyl acetylene and propadiene mix- ture, stabilized. | 7.0 28.0 24.5 | Allowed | Normal | 0.43 | |
| 1061 | Methylamine, anhydrous | 22.0 20.0 10.8 9.6 7.8 | Allowed | Normal | 0.58 | |
| 1062 | Methyl bromide | 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.51 | |
| 1063 | Methyl chloride or Refrigerant gas R 40 | 7.0 14.5 12.7 11.3 | Allowed | Normal | 0.81 | |
| 1064 | Methyl mercaptan | 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 0.78 | |
| 1067 | Dinitrogen tetroxide | 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.3 | |
| 1075 | Petroleum gas, liquefied | 7.0 See MAWP def- inition in § 178.276(a) | Allowed | Normal | See § 173.32(f) | |
| 1077 | Propylene | 28.0 24.5 22.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.43 | |
| 1078 | Refrigerant gas, n.o.s. | See MAWP def- inition in | Allowed | Normal | See § 173.32(f) | |
| 1079 | Sulphur dioxide | §178.276(a) 11.6 10.3 8.5 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.23 | |
| 1082 | Trifluorochloroethylene, stabilized <i>or</i> Refrigerant gas R 1113. | 7.6 17.0 15.0 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.13 | |
| 1083 | Trimethylamine, anhydrous | 13.1 11.6 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.56 | |

UN PORTABLE TANK TABLE FOR LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GASES—Continued

| ON I ONTABLE TANK TABLE FOR EIGOEFIED COMPRESSED GASES—COMMITTEE | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|
| UN No. | Non-refrigerated liquefied compressed gases | Minimum design pressure (bar) small; bare; sunshield; insu- lated | Openings below liquid level | Pressure relief requirements (See § 178.276(e)) | Maximum filling density (kg/l) | |
| 1085 | Vinyl bromide, stabilized | 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.37 | |
| 1086 | Vinyl chloride, stabilized | 7.0 10.6 9.3 | Allowed | Normal | 0.81 | |
| 1087 | Vinyl methyl ether, stabilized | 8.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.67 | |
| 1581 | Chloropicrin and methyl bromide mixture. | 7.0 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.51 | |
| 1582 | Chloropicrin and methyl chloride mixture. | 7.0 7.0 7.0 19.2 16.9 15.1 13.1 | Not Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 0.81 | |
| 1858 | Hexafluoropropylene compressed or Refrigerant gas R 1216. | 19.2 | Allowed | Normal | 1.11 | |
| 1912 | Methyl chloride and methylene chloride mixture. | 15.1 13.1 15.2 13.0 11.6 | Allowed | Normal | 0.081 | |
| NA, 1954 | Insecticide gases, flammable, n.o.s | 10.1 See MAWP def- inition in | Allowed | Normal | § 173.32(f) | |
| 1958 | 1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 114. | §178.276(a) 7.0 7.0 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.3 | |
| 1965 | Hydrocarbon gas, mixture liquefied, n.o.s | 7.0 See MAWP def- inition in | Allowed | Normal | See § 173.32(f) | |
| 1969 | Isobutane | 178.276(a) 8.5 7.5 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.49 | |
| 1973 | Chlorodifluoromethane and chloropentafluoroethane mixture with fixed boiling point, with approximately 49% chlorodifluoromethane or Refrigerant gas R 502. | 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.05 | |
| 1974 | Chlorodifluorobromomethane or Refrig- | 25.3 22.8 20.3 7.4 | Allowed | Normal | 1.61 | |
| 1976 | erant gas R 12B1. Octafluorocyclobutane or Refrigerant gas RC 318. | 7.0 7.0 7.0 8.8 | Allowed | Normal | 1.34 | |
| 1978 | Propane | 7.8 7.0 7.0 22.5 20.4 | Allowed | Normal | 0.42 | |

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UN PORTABLE TANK TABLE FOR LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GASES—Continued

| | UN PORTABLE TANK TABLE FO | OR LIQUEFIED (| COMPRESSED (| ASES—Continue | ed |
|--------|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| UN No. | Non-refrigerated liquefied compressed gases | Minimum design pressure (bar) small; bare; sunshield; insu- lated | Openings below liquid level | Pressure relief requirements (See § 178.276(e)) | Maximum filling density (kg/l) |
| 1983 | 1-Chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 133a. | 18.0 16.5 7.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.18 |
| 2035 | 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane compressed or Refrigerant gas R 143a. | 7.0 7.0 7.0 31.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.76 |
| 2424 | Octafluoropropane or Refrigerant gas R 218. | 27.5 24.2 21.8 23.1 | Allowed | Normal | 1.07 |
| 2517 | 1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 142b. | 20.8 18.6 16.6 8.9 | Allowed | Normal | 0.99 |
| 2602 | Dichlorodifluoromethane and difluoroethane azeotropic mixture with | 7.8 7.0 7.0 20.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.01 |
| 3057 | approximately 74% dichlorodifluoro- methane or Refrigerant gas R 500. Trifluoroacetyl chloride | 18.0 16.0 14.5 14.6 12.9 | Not allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.17 |
| 3070 | Ethylene oxide and dichlorodifluoro- methane mixture with not more than 12.5% ethylene oxide. | 11.3 9.9 14.0 | Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | 1.09 |
| 3153 | · | 12.0 11.0 9.0 14.3 13.4 | Allowed | Normal | 1.14 |
| 3159 | 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 134a. | 11.2 10.2 17.7 | Allowed | Normal | 1.04 |
| 3161 | Liquefied gas, flammable, n.o.s | 13.8 12.1 See MAWP def- inition in | Allowed | Normal | § 173.32(f) |
| 3163 | Liquefied gas, n.o.s | § 178.276(a) See MAWP def- inition in | Allowed | Normal | § 173.32(f) |
| 3220 | Pentafluoroethane or Refrigerant gas R 125. | §178.276(a) 34.4 | Allowed | Normal | 0.95 |
| 3252 | Difluoromethane or Refrigerant gas R 32. | 30.8 27.5 24.5 43.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.78 |
| 3296 | Heptafluoropropane or Refrigerant gas R 227. | 39.0 34.4 30.5 16.0 | Allowed | Normal | 1.2 |
| | | 14.0 12.5 11.0 | | | |

UN PORTABLE TANK TABLE FOR LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GASES—Continued

| UN No. | Non-refrigerated liquefied compressed gases | Minimum design pressure (bar) small; bare; sunshield; insu- lated | Openings below liquid level | Pressure relief requirements (See § 178.276(e)) | Maximum filling density (kg/l) |
|--------|---|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 3297 | Ethylene oxide and chlorotetrafluoroethane mixture, with not more than 8.8% ethylene oxide. | 8.1 | Allowed | Normal | 1.16 |
| | not more than 0.0% ethylene oxide. | 7.0 7.0 7.0 | | | |
| 3298 | Ethylene oxide and pentafluoroethane mixture, with not more than 7.9% ethylene oxide. | 25.9 | Allowed | Normal | 1.02 |
| | , | 23.4 20.9 18.6 | | | |
| 3299 | Ethylene oxide and tetrafluoroethane mixture, with not more than 5.6% ethylene oxide. | 16.7 | Allowed | Normal | 1.03 |
| | · | 14.7 12.9 11.2 | | | |
| 3318 | Ammonia solution, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in water, with more than 50% ammonia. | See MAWP def- inition in § 178.276(a) | Allowed | § 178.276(e)(3) | § 173.32(f) |
| 3337 | | 31.6 28.3 25.3 | Allowed | Normal | 0.84 |
| 3338 | Refrigerant gas R 407A | 22.5 31.3 28.1 | Allowed | Normal | 0.95 |
| 3339 | Refrigerant gas R 407B | 25.1 22.4 33.0 | Allowed | Normal | 0.95 |
| JJJ | Nonigoralit gas it 4070 | 29.6 26.5 23.6 | Allowed | INOMINA | 0.33 |
| 3340 | Refrigerant gas R 407C | 29.9 26.8 23.9 | Allowed | Normal | 0.95 |
| | | 21.3 | | | |
| | | | | | |

[69 FR 76174, Dec. 20, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 34399, June 14, 2005]

§ 173.314 Compressed gases in tank cars and multi-unit tank cars.

- (a) Definitions. For definitions of compressed gases, see § 173.115.
- (b) General requirements. (1) Tank car tanks containing compressed gases must not be shipped unless they were loaded by or with the consent of the owner thereof.
- (2) Tank car tanks must not contain gases capable of combining chemically and must not be loaded with any gas which combines chemically with the gas previously loaded therein, until all residue has been removed and interior of tank thoroughly cleaned.
- (3) For tanks of the DOT-106A and 110A class, the tanks must be placed in

position and attached to car structure by the shipper.

- (4) Wherever the word "approved" is used in this part of the regulations, it means approval by the Association of American Railroads Committee on Tank Cars as prescribed in §179.3 of this subchapter.
- (5) Each tank car used for the transportation of anhydrous ammonia or any material that meets the criteria of Division 2.1 or 2.3 must have gaskets for manway cover plates and for mounting of fittings designed (for temperature, application, media, pressure, and size) to create a positive seal so that, under conditions normally incident to transportation, there will not be an identifiable release of the material to the environment. The use of sealants to install gaskets is prohibited.